MEDICAL FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

GENERAL INFORMATION

<u>Requestor Name</u> <u>Respondent Name</u>

Occupational Medicine Care National Interstate Insurance

MFDR Tracking Number Carrier's Austin Representative

M4-15-2530-01 Box Number 06

MFDR Date Received

April 13, 2015

REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor's Position Summary: "Please find the attached claim history report from our billing system to show that the bills were sent over during the 95-day range after date of service as well as later on the year for reconsideration."

Amount in Dispute: \$556.40

RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

<u>Respondent's Position Summary</u>: Written acknowledgement of medical fee dispute received however no response was submitted.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Dates of Service	Disputed Services	Amount In Dispute	Amount Due
April 4, 2014	99203, 72110, 72072, L0625, 99080, A9900		
April 11, 2014	99213, 99080	\$556.40	\$90.83
April 15, 2014	99213, 99080		

FINDINGS AND DECISION

This medical fee dispute is decided pursuant to Texas Labor Code §413.031 and applicable rules of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation.

Background

- 1. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307 sets out the procedures for resolving medical fee disputes.
- 2. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203 sets out the reimbursement guidelines for professional medical services
- 3. The insurance carrier reduced payment for the disputed services with the following claim adjustment codes:
 - 18 Exact duplicate claim/service
 - 224 Duplicate charge

The Division placed a copy of the Medical Fee Dispute Resolution request in the insurance carrier's Austin representative box, which was acknowledged, received on April 21, 2015. Per 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307(d)(1), "The response will be deemed timely if received by the division via mail service, personal delivery, or facsimile within 14 calendar days after the date the respondent received the copy of the requestor's dispute. If the division does not receive the response information within 14 calendar days of the dispute notification, then the division may base its decision on the available information." The insurance carrier did not submit any response for consideration in this dispute. Accordingly, this decision is based on the information available at the time of review.

Issues

- 1. Were all the dates of service in dispute filed timely to the Division's medical fee dispute resolution program?
- 2. What is the applicable rule pertaining to reimbursement?
- 3. Is the requestor entitled to additional reimbursement?

Findings

- 1. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.70 (c) states "Requests for MFDR shall be filed in the form and manner prescribed by the division. Requestors shall file two legible copies of the request with the division.
 - (1) Timeliness. A requestor shall timely file the request with the division's MFDR Section or waive the right to MFDR. The division shall deem a request to be filed on the date the MFDR Section receives the request. A decision by the MFDR Section that a request was not timely filed is not a dismissal and may be appealed pursuant to subsection (g) of this section.
 - (A) A request for MFDR that does not involve issues identified in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph shall be filed no later than one year after the date(s) of service in dispute.
 - (B) A request may be filed later than one year after the date(s) of service if:
 - (i) a related compensability, extent of injury, or liability dispute under Labor Code Chapter 410 has been filed, the medical fee dispute shall be filed not later than 60 days after the date the requestor receives the final decision, inclusive of all appeals, on compensability, extent of injury, or liability;
 - (ii) a medical dispute regarding medical necessity has been filed, the medical fee dispute must be filed not later than 60 days after the date the requestor received the final decision on medical necessity, inclusive of all appeals, related to the health care in dispute and for which the insurance carrier previously denied payment based on medical necessity; or
 - (iii) the dispute relates to a refund notice issued pursuant to a division audit or review, the medical fee dispute must be filed not later than 60 days after the date of the receipt of a refund notice.

Review of the submitted documentation finds that the request for MFDR was received on April 13, 2015. Review of the submitted documentation also finds that the disputed services do not involve issues identified in §133.307(c)(1)(B). The Division concludes that the requestor has failed to timely file dates of service April 4, 2014 and April 11, 2014 for dispute resolution with the Division's MFDR Section; consequently, the requestor has waived the right to medical fee dispute resolution for April 4, 2014 and April 11, 2014. The Division will however proceed with its review of April 15, 2015 services in dispute as that particular date was filed timely to medical fee dispute resolution.

2. The documentation provided indicates that carrier denied payment due to "duplicate service." Although National Interstate Insurance acknowledged receipt of this medical fee dispute, it did not respond as required by 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307(d), nor did it provide any evidence of other denial reasons prior to the adjudication of this fee dispute. For this reason, the Division proceeds with its adjudication with the information timely submitted by both parties. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203. Medical Fee Guideline for Professional Services (c) states, "To determine the MAR for professional services, system participants shall apply the Medicare payment policies with minimal modifications. (1) For service

categories of Evaluation & Management, General Medicine, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Radiology, Pathology, Anesthesia, and Surgery when performed in an office setting, the established conversion factor to be applied is (date if service yearly conversion factor)." The maximum allowable reimbursement is calculated as follows;

- Procedure code 99213, service date April 15, 2014, represents a professional service the Medicare fee is the sum of the geographically adjusted work, practice expense and malpractice values multiplied by the conversion factor. The MAR is calculated by substituting the Division conversion factor. For this procedure, the relative value (RVU) for work of 0.97 multiplied by the geographic practice cost index (GPCI) for work of 1.014 is 0.98358. The practice expense (PE) RVU of 1 multiplied by the PE GPCI of 1.004 is 1.004. The malpractice RVU of 0.07 multiplied by the malpractice GPCI of 0.939 is 0.06573. The sum of 2.05331 is multiplied by the Division conversion factor of \$55.75 for a MAR of \$114.47. Per §134.203(h), reimbursement is the lesser of the MAR or the provider's usual and customary charge. The lesser amount is \$75.83.
- 28 Texas Administrative Code §129.5 (i) states in pertinent part, "Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a doctor may bill for, and a carrier shall reimburse, filing a complete Work Status Report required under this section or for providing a subsequent copy of a Work Status Report which was previously filed because the carrier, its agent, or the employer through its carrier, asks for an extra copy. The amount of reimbursement shall be \$15." The allowed amount shall be \$15.00
- 3. The submitted documentation supports the requestor's statement, "Please find the attached claim history report from our billing system to show that the bills were sent over during the 95-day range after date of service as well as later on the year for reconsideration. The maximum allowable reimbursement is \$90.83. The carrier previously paid \$0.00. The balance due the provider is \$90.83.

Conclusion

<u>Authorized Signature</u>

Signature

The Division would like to emphasize that individual medical fee dispute outcomes rely upon the evidence presented by the requestor and respondent during dispute resolution. Even though not all the evidence was discussed, it was considered. For the reasons stated above, the Division finds that the requestor has established that additional reimbursement is due. As a result, the amount ordered is \$90.83.

ORDER

Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code Sections 413.031 and 413.019 (if applicable), the Division has determined that the requestor is entitled to additional reimbursement for the services involved in this dispute. The Division hereby ORDERS the respondent to remit to the requestor the amount of \$90.83 plus applicable accrued interest per 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.130 due within 30 days of receipt of this Order.

July 2 , 2015

Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Officer

Date

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YOUR RIGHT TO APPEAL

Either party to this medical fee dispute has a right to seek review of this decision in accordance with 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307, 37 *Texas Register* 3833, applicable to disputes filed on or after June 1, 2012.

A party seeking review must submit a **Request to Schedule a Benefit Review Conference to Appeal a Medical Fee Dispute Decision** (form **DWC045M**) in accordance with the instructions on the form. The request must be received by the Division within **twenty** days of your receipt of this decision. The request may be faxed, mailed or personally delivered to the Division using the contact information listed on the form or to the field office handling the claim.

The party seeking review of the MFDR decision shall deliver a copy of the request to all other parties involved in the dispute at the same time the request is filed with the Division. **Please include a copy of the** *Medical Fee* **Dispute Resolution Findings and Decision** together with any other required information specified in 28 Texas Administrative Code §141.1(d).

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.